ATOMIC ENERGY CENTRAL SCHOOL-3, TARAPUR

MODULE-1

UNIT: d and f- block elements

Chapter: d-block elements

Work -sheet

Answer the following questions :

- 1. Define transition elements.
- 2. Why Zn, Cd and Hg are not considered as transition metals?
- 3. Why the enthalpies of atomization of transition elements are high?
- 4. Transition elements show variety of oxidation states. Explain.
- 5. Which of the 3*d* series of the transition metals exhibits the largest number of oxidation states and why?
- 6. Why the second ionization enthalpy of chromium is much more than manganese?
- 7. Why is Cr^{2+} reducing and Mn^{3+} oxidising when both have d^4 configuration?
- 8. Why are Mn²⁺ compounds more stable than Fe²⁺ towards oxidation to their +3 state?
- 9. Name the oxometal anions of the first series of the transition metals in which the metal exhibits the oxidation state equal to its group number.
- 10. Why Cu, Cr, Ni are called as transition elements?

Explain giving reasons:

- 11. Transition elements are metals.
- 12. Transition metals and many of their compounds show paramagnetic behavior.
- 13. Transition elements can form complex compounds.
- 14. The transition metals generally form coloured compounds.
- 15. Transition metals and their many compounds act as good catalyst.